

Developer Zone

GemsTracker is a tool for **tracking** fixed sequences of **surveys** asked to groups of individuals or organizations.

GemsTracker **is not** a tool for building and administrating surveys. For that specialized survey software packages are used by GemsTracker, with LimeSurvey as the first among equals.

GemsTracker **is** a tool that allows:

- follow up surveys
- surveys dependent on answers in previous surveys
- multiple people to answer surveys concerning one person
- different sequences of surveys (i.e. **tracks**) assigned to different people

For developers it offers a broad library of web pages that can be easily extended or overridden on a per project basis.

Working with the GemsTracker library can sometimes be difficult. We have a rich [API documentation](#) but sometimes you need a little bit more to get you going. This is the right place to start searching or adding your own information.

GemsTracker is developed to allow you to quickly and easily adapt it to the demands of specific projects. We quickly found out that almost every project has different data demands for respondents. I.e. some projects need a respondents postal address, others need only a birthday while requiring their fathers birthday as well. For this reason GemsTracker uses a separate project application directory that can extend, change and overrule almost any feature of the core GemsTracker libraries.

GemsTracker itself is built on other software, both open source as well as commercial. This page describes all these layers:

1. *Application / Project layer*: your own code (optional)
2. *GemsTracker Layer*: GemsTracker and (optionally) LimeSurvey
3. *Programming language layer*: PHP and the Zend Framework
4. *Server software layer*: Apache or IIS and MySQL
5. *OS layer*: Unix, Linux or Windows Server or Workstation

The last three layers are described first in the [Software requirements](#). Next comes an overview of the [GemsTracker Core](#) and lastly the [How to](#)'s to get started with adapting the software for a specific project.

How to

The Zend Framework may or may not be an easy framework for PHP development, but a GemsTracker project can be adapted without deep knowledge of the Framework. Of course when a project needs extensive adaptations (e.g. a separate survey engine or intensive integration with other applications) knowledge of the Zend Framework becomes necessary, but there is no need to dive in at the deep end of the framework.

Here are some examples of common extensions.

How do I get started

Follow the steps in the [Quickstart guide](#).

How do I create my own controller

Check Zend FW Quickstart for an intro on controllers and their names and to get an introduction to the Zend naming conventions and project setup.

Most GemsTracker controllers use a Model (i.e. display and browse one set of data) and inherit from either `Gems_Controller_ModelSnippetActionAbstract` (the newer solution) or `Gems_Controller_BrowseEditAction` (old solution). Check `Gems_Default_StaffAction` for an example of the first and `Gems_Default_GroupAction` for the second type of standard controller.

In other cases, e.g. when you just want to output some (mostly) fixed HTML, you can use 'Gems_Controller_Action' as a template. `Gems_Default_ContactAction` is a good example.

Of course you can also use your existing Zend controller. All Zend application variables will be set

Do not mirror the directory location from the Gemstracker library. The `classes/Gems/Default'` location is used to ease the adaptation of existing controllers at the project level. Use instead the Zend Framework method of creating `xxxController` with same filename and object name in `application/controllers``.

How do I add my own controller to the menu?

You successfully created your `HelloController?`, but the you called the `World` action and `Gems` tells you you are not allowed to access the page. This is because all access to pages is controlled through the `Menu` object. `GemsTracker` has a default menu, but you can change it to suite your needs.

Go to the `/application/classes/[project name]/Menu.php` file and create/edit the `loadProjectMenu()` function.

```
public function loadProjectMenu()
{
    // Hello world page
    $this->addPage('Hello', null, 'hello', 'world');
}
```

And voila: 'Hello' appears as a menu choice and you can select the controller.

The definitive place to check the workings of the `addPage()` function is of course the API documentation (for `Gems/Menu/MenuAbstract→addPage()`) or to load the source in your program editor. But here is how the `addPage` function works.

parameters label The label for display in the menu, leave null when used, but not displayed in the

menu. privilege When empty the action is always accessible, specify 'pr.islogin'/'pr.nologin' when a user must/must not be logged in. Specify your own string when you want to set the privilege yourself for specific application roles. controller The name of the new controller. action The name of the action or 'index' by default. other An optional array for advanced usage. You should really have a look at the API documentation. return: a Gems_Menu_SubMenuItem object where you can specify sub items So putting it together you can add something more complicated.

```
public function loadProjectMenu()
{
    // Hello world page
    // - always accessible
    // - move to top of menu using 'order'
    $page = $this->addPage('Hello', null, 'hello', 'index', array(
        'order' => 0 // Put this page at the top of the menu
    ));

    // Add sub-page for logged in user
    $page->addPage('You', 'pr.islogin', 'hello', 'you');

    // Add sub-page for when not logged in
    $page->addPage('World', 'pr.nologin', 'hello', 'World');

    // Add sub-page for roles that you gave the my.secret privilege
    $page->addPage('Secret', 'my.secret', 'hello', 'secret');

    // Add sub-page for everybody
    $page->addPage('Everybody', null, 'hello', 'everybody');

    // Add sub-page that is not displayed, but that you can access when
    you know the url
    $page->addPage(null, null, 'hello', 'hidden');
}
```

How do I change the displayed columns in the respondent/patient overview?

As every project has it's own data to work on, one of the most common actions is to change the display of the columns shown in the Respondents/Patients screen.

First to explain why we sometimes talk about respondents and sometimes about patients. Of course a respondent is someone who either answers a survey or about whom a survey is answered by someone else. Either way the survey belongs to that respondent. A patient is of course someone who receive health care. As GemsTracker is build for health care institutions in most existing projects respondents are patients, but there is no reason why they could not be truckers, butchers, mail man or just any other group of random respondents. That is why internally GemsTracker reverts to respondents (we even hunt down the use of the word patient in the core library) but use a default English translation that does not but translate 'respondent' into 'patient'.

To change the displayed columns copy library/Gems/controllers/RespondentController.php' to application/controllers/RespondentController.php'. GemsTracker automatically sees the new RespondentController.php file and starts using that controller. RespondentController.php is an empty

stub that inherits all functionality from `Gems_Default_RespondentAction`. This allows you to overrule or extend the default functionality without have to copy the code, with all the maintenance issues this entails.

Now your first thought might be that to change the workings of the 'index' action you must overrule the `indexAction()` function, but the search as you type function returns a result from `autofilterAction()` and column content is added in the protected `_createTable()` function that is used by both functions. However, the actual action of specifying what columns have to be displayed is done in the `addBrowseTableColumns()` function overloaded in `RespondentAction`. To change the columns you must overload this function again in your copy of `RespondentController`.

Now you might have noticed that the Respondent index screen displays quite a complicated table. The data is displayed in rows, but most cells have two lines in them, e-mail addresses are links when they exists, there are some extra texts that appear only when needed. There is a paginator, you can change the number of rows, the headers are sort links. There are buttons on the sides and if you click on a row, it acts as if the first button was clicked. You noticed all that? Thank you! Did you also notice that you can use the Page Up and Page Down keys to browse, Ctrl Up and Ctrl Down to see more or less rows, and use the normal arrow keys to select a row and then press enter to open it? Thought not. Well that all works too.

It must take hundreds of lines of code to write it, no? Well yes, it does take hundreds of lines, but if we look in `RespondentAction` we see the code actually written in the function is quite limited. All the magic work is done by the `TableBridge` and `AbstractModel` objects.

```
protected function addBrowseTableColumns(MUtil_Model_TableBridge
$bridge, MUtil_Model_ModelAbstract $model)
{
    $model->setIfExists('gr2o_opened', 'tableDisplay', 'small');
    $model->setIfExists('grs_email', 'itemDisplay',
'MUtil_Html_AElement::ifmail');

    if ($menuItem = $this->findAllowedMenuItem('show')) {
$bridge->addItemLink($menuItem->toActionLinkLower($this->getRequest(),
$bridge));
    }

    // Newline placeholder
    $br = MUtil_Html::create('br');

    // Display separator and phone sign only if phone exist.
    $phonesep = $bridge->itemIf($bridge->grs_phone_1,
MUtil_Html::raw('&#9743; '));
    $citysep = $bridge->itemIf($bridge->grs_zipcode,
MUtil_Html::raw('&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;'));

    $bridge->addMultiSort('gr2o_patient_nr', $br, 'gr2o_opened');
    $bridge->addMultiSort('name', $br, 'grs_email');
    $bridge->addMultiSort('grs_address_1', $br, 'grs_zipcode',
$citysep, 'grs_city');
    $bridge->addMultiSort('grs_birthday', $br, $phonesep,
'grs_phone_1');
```

```
        if ($menuItem = $this->findAllowedMenuItem('edit')) {
$bridge->addItemLink($menuItem->toActionLinkLower($this->getRequest(),
$bridge));
        }
    }
}
```

This function combines all the power of the MUtil Html, Lazy and Model components combined with the Gems Menu object. Thankfully you do not need to know all these objects well to work with them.

E.g. the two if () statements are just the way a menu item choice is added. Copy the code and it will work. Remove it and the buttons disappear. The buttons will also disappear when you login as a user that may not use them. Usually that is the way to go with menu items.

The model is in this case actually a Gems_Model_RespondentModel, which is a database using JoinModel that combines multiple tables. It was created by the function RespondentAction→createModel(), that uses the Gems_Model→getRespondentModel() function to create the model. The extendability of GemsTracker is best demonstrated by the fact that you can change this model both in the addBrowseTableColumns() function and in all the other functions or create a YourProject_Model_RespondentModel and it all works.

The 'grs_' and 'gr2o_' strings you see are field names in the tables gemsrespondents and gemsrespondent2org table that are both in the respondent model. name is the name of an SQL column added to the model that displays the result of an SQL expression that just so happens to return the full name of the respondent. The variables are just constants, though with some magic Lazy functionality in the itemif() function.

The addMultiSort() functions add a cell to the \$bridge (that is used to form a bridge between an HTML table and a model). Add a field name that exists in the model and it will be displayed in that column. Add a MUtil_Html::raw() object to add fixed text. Just experiment with commenting field on or off and you will quickly get the result you want.

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